

New Thinking in Water Governance

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“Can incentives motivate sustainable domestic water consumption?”

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Objectives

- Make survey findings *clear* and *fully understandable*
- Usefulness and limitations of study
- Future potential

Research Questions

- Can incentives influence domestic water use behaviour?
- What type of incentives do individuals prefer?
- What type of water saving measures do individuals prefer?

Methodology

- Choice experiment with optional qualitative fields
- Two type of water saving measures. Three incentives, three domains
- Internet mediated behavioural research
- **Quantitative** analysis: Chi-square test and Wilcoxon signed rank test
- **Qualitative** analysis: Present unedited







Survey Design




Choice Experiment Generic Levels and Attributes (New Design)

Attributes	Levels		
Water saving measure	Adopt water saving behaviour for 3 months	Adopt water saving technology	
Incentives	Consumers that adopt water saving behaviour enter lottery for luxury hybrid car (Lottery)	Consumers that adopt water saving behaviour receive 5% discount in water bill (Cash)	Consumers that adopt water saving behaviour can opt for donation* to a water charity. (Altruism)

*Amount equivalent to 5% discount in water bill

Choice experiment

Option A	Option B	Option C	Option A	Option B	Option C
Reduce shower time to 5 minutes for 3 months	Purchase and install water efficient showerhead	Maintain current behaviour	Turn off tap while brushing teeth and washing for 3 months	Purchase and install water efficient tap	Maintain current behaviour
Enter lottery for luxury hybrid car	Enter lottery for luxury hybrid car		Receive 5% discount on water bills	Donation to water charity	
					

Option A	Option B	Option C
Use a full load for dishwasher & washing machine for 3 months	Purchase and use water efficient dishwasher and washing machine	Maintain current behaviour
Donation to water charity	Enter lottery for luxury hybrid car	
		

Sample

- 1117 fully completed survey responses from 48 countries
- 463 from Singapore
- 330 from the UK
- **Publicity avenues:** Mailing lists, personalised email, web advertisement, Facebook, blogs



Findings from Survey - UK

- **General preference for water saving measures:**
Prefer behavioural change to adopting water efficient technology
- **Specific preferences for water saving measures**
 - Shower** - *Prefer* efficient shower head *to* reducing shower time
 - Wash Basin** - *Prefer* tap off while washing *to* installing tap aerator
 - Laundry and Dishwashing** - *Prefer* using full loads *to* installing water efficient appliances

Findings from Survey - Spore

- **General preference for water saving measures:**
Prefer adopting water efficient technology to behavioural change
- **Specific preferences for water saving measures**
Shower - *Prefer* efficient shower head *to* reducing shower time
Wash Basin - *Prefer* tap off while washing *to* installing tap aerator
Laundry and Dishwashing - *Slightly prefer (not statistically significant)* installing water efficient appliances *to* using full load

Votes for measures

Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test Statistics for Water Saving Measures

		Singapore		UK	
		Z	Asymp. Sig (2-tailed)	Z	Asymp. Sig (2-tailed)
Shower	T – B Votes	10.952 ^a	.000	5.678 ^a	.000
	B – SQ Votes	11.147 ^a	.000	7.602 ^a	.000
	T – SQ Votes	16.874 ^a	.000	11.084 ^a	.000
Basin	T – B Votes	6.094 ^b	.000	8.555 ^b	.000
	B – SQ Votes	16.129 ^a	.000	12.699 ^a	.000
	T – SQ Votes	13.595 ^a	.000	8.511 ^a	.000
Laundry/ Dishwashing	T – B Votes	1.686 ^a	.092	6.159 ^b	.000
	B – SQ Votes	11.962 ^a	.000	10.467 ^a	.000
	T – SQ Votes	12.668 ^a	.000	5.866 ^a	.000
Total from three domains	T – B Votes	2.238 ^a	.025	5.158 ^b	.000
	B – SQ Votes	16.134 ^a	.000	12.494 ^a	.000
	T – SQ Votes	16.657 ^a	.000	10.353 ^a	.000

Technological (T), Behavioural (B), Status Quo (SQ)

a. Based on positive ranks.

b. Based on negative ranks.

Votes for incentives

Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test Statistics for Incentive Votes

		Singapore		UK	
		Z	Asymp. Sig (2-tailed)	Z	Asymp. Sig (2-tailed)
Shower	D – L votes	12.997 ^a	.000	11.418 ^a	.000
	D – C Votes	13.077 ^a	.000	10.611 ^a	.000
	L – C Votes	2.234 ^a	.026	2.104 ^b	.035
Basin	D – L votes	12.105 ^a	.000	10.765 ^a	.000
	D – C Votes	12.498 ^a	.000	10.238 ^a	.000
	L – C Votes	3.114 ^a	.002	1.620 ^b	.105
Laundry/	D – L votes	11.261 ^a	.000	9.031 ^a	.000
Dishwashing	D – C Votes	11.307 ^a	.000	8.177 ^a	.000
	L – C Votes	1.717 ^a	.086	1.679 ^b	.093
Total	D – L votes	14.088 ^a	.000	12.233 ^a	.000
	D – C Votes	14.376 ^a	.000	11.492 ^a	.000
	L – C Votes	2.660 ^a	.008	2.267 ^b	.023

Discount (D), Lottery (L), Charity (C)

a. Based on positive ranks.

b. Based on negative ranks.

Comments

“I am not sure how a water charity works, I am suspicious of it, and I will thus not donate to it.”

“I would prefer to adapt my behaviour to conserve water. Also, it is an added bonus to receive a discount on your bill or to send a donation to charity - it feels more positive than being entered for a lottery!”

“I am motivated by money, not charity. And the chance of winning the lottery is too low to be an effective incentive. I will do the cheapest option (turning off tap whilst brushing teeth) in order to save on my water bill.”

“A water-efficient tap seems to be a long-term solution to saving water. And I have this thing about leaving the tap running while I brush my teeth - it just seems cleaner (irrational I know!)”

“Singaporeans don't use dishwashers.”

“Perhaps manufacturers should only produce water efficient machines and this is the correct way forwards, rather than trying to bully consumers?”

Usefulness

- Theoretical justification on the role of incentives for water conservation
- High proportion of individuals from the Internet generation.
- Variety of incentives

Limitations

- Internet sampling biases
- Constraints on implementing incentives

Future potential

- Research model - web based stated choices survey
- Practical implementation of creatively designed policies. Incentives. Conservation challenge. Dynamic pricing. Choice architecture.

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